SPECIFICATIONS FID500+	Methaniser			
Accuracy	Depend of the range used			
Drift	1 % over 24 hours			
Temperature drift	1 % per degree			
Operating temperature	± 20°C without wide variations of temperature			
Sampling gas	N ₂ , Ar, He, Air, H ₂ , O ₂			
Sample gas connection	1/8" Swagelok OR 1/8" VCR			
Sample flow rate	Approximately 3 to 5 l/h			
Sample pressure	< 100 mBar			
Combustive gas	Synthetic air			
Combustive gas connection	1/8" Swagelok OR 1/8" VCR			
Combustive gas pressure	2 Bar stable			
Combustive gas flow rate	300 ml/min			
Recommended quality	5.0			
Fuel gas	Hydrogen			
Fuel gas connection	1/8" Swagelok OR 1/8" VCR			
Fuel gas pressure	1 Bar stable			
Fuel gas flow rate	38 ml∕min			
Recommended quality	6.0			
Carrier gas	Argon, Nitrogen, Helium or Hydrogen			
Carrier gas connection	1/8" Swagelok OR 1/8" VCR			
Carrier gas pressure	7 Bar			
Carrier gas flow rate	2 to 6 l/h			
Recommended quality	6.0			
Power supply	220 Vac, 50-60 Hz			
Power consumption	500 VA			
4-20 mA output	Eight configurable outputs depending on the application.			
RJ-45 connection	Computerised system maintenance			
Output relays (SPST 2 amperes / 250 Vac)	1 Analyser Failure alarm contact 1 Alarm High contact 1 Alarm High High contact			

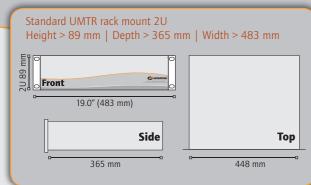
sales@ www.orthodyne.be

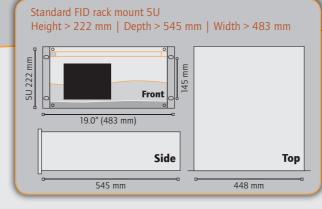


A new generation of intelligent detectors



UMTR Dimensions





FID Dimensions

Rue des Technologies, 23 - B-4432 ALLEUR - BELGIUM Phone : +32-4-247 91 06 - Fax : +32-4-263 09 79 E-Mail : sales@orthodyne.be - www.orthodyne.be



Analysis of **CH₄, CO, CO₂** and **NMHC** in **PPB** and **PPM**



ORTH

FID500 + methaniser

The FID500 is an analytical system that measures CH₄, CO, CO₂, NMHC in ppb and in ppm level in Helium, Argon, Oxygen, Nitrogen, Hydrogen or Air

PRINCIPLE

The flame ionization detector is placed in a temperature regulated chamber.

It is designed to detect traces of hydrocarbons in neutral gases.

The combustion of Hydrogen and Synthetic Air creates a flame in which are burning the organic components contained in the gas to be analysed.

When burning, these components produce ions which are collected by an electrode.

The very weak current obtained in this way is amplified in an electrometer with high gain and directed to a data aquisition system.

A polarization electrode is connected on the level of the nozzle and a collecting electrode with adjustable distance make the best results possible.

Coupled with a methanizer (UMTR unit), it also detects traces of CO and CO₂.

The methaniser is foreseen to convert, in a catalytic reactor, traces of CO and CO₂ into methane.

This reaction takes place at a temperature of \pm 350°C in presence of Hydrogen in excess

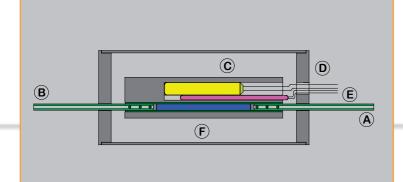
The following reactions bring these conversions : $CO + 3 H_2 = CH_4 + H_2O \text{ and } CO_2 + 4 H_2 = CH_4 + 2 H_2O$

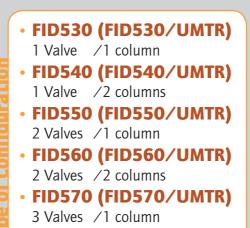
With a properly adjusted temperature and flowrate, the efficiency is almost of 100%.

When supplied with high purity gases, the detection threshold can reach 1 ppb.

UMTR METHANISER EXPLANATION

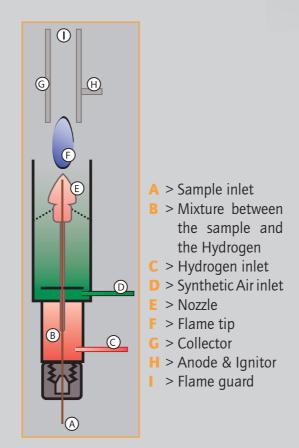






- FID580 (FID580/UMTR) 2 Valves /2 columns + external rack
- Air separation plants
- Cryogenic truck loading station
- Specialty gas laboratories
- Process control
- Steel industry

FID DETECTOR EXPLANATION



FEATURES

- < 1 ppb resolution guaranteed. (Limit Detection Level).
- User-friendly software.
- GC technology used for complete separation between each impurity.
- NMHC : Total hydrocarbons from C2 to C5 (Given in CH₄ equivalent).
- Electronic flame-out quard circuit.
- Automatic fuel shut off system.
- Adjustable alarm and oven settings.
- Fast response.
- Possibility of auto-calibration programming ideal for unmanned plant conditions.
- Easy access to pressure and flow control devices.
- CE marked.

MEASUREMENT CAPABILITIES

Sample	ARGON	HELIUM	HYDROGEN	NITROGEN	OXYGEN
Type : Orthodyne FID	< 1 ppb CH ₄ < 1 ppb CO < 1 ppb CO ₂ < 2 ppb NMHC	< 1 ppb CH ₄ < 1 ppb CO < 1 ppb CO ₂ < 2 ppb NMHC	< 1 ppb CH ₄ < 1 ppb CO < 1 ppb CO ₂ < 2 ppb NMHC	< 1 ppb CH ₄ < 1 ppb CO < 1 ppb CO ₂ < 2 ppb NMHC	< 1 ppb CH ₄ < 1 ppb CO < 10 ppb CO ₂ < 2 ppb NMHC

